

Energy Market Monitoring Report June 2024 SEM committee



Market Results

Summary Dashboard



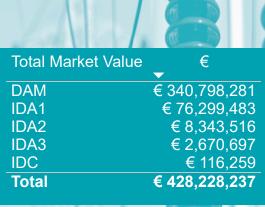
Monthly Averages	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24	Apr-24	May-24	Jun-24
DAM (€/MWh)	117.11	96.24	106.46	111.62	125.54	122.9	88.97	99.9	84.6	86.67	88.52	107.75	107.74
% Change from previous month	11%	-18%	11%	5%	12%	-2%	-28%	12%	-15%	2%	2%	22%	0%
% Change from previous year	-36%	-64%	-73%	-61%	-8%	-14%	-68%	-38%	-47%	-40%	-30%	2%	-8%
Actual System Demand (MW)	4189	4101	4185	4335	4516	4873	4862	5151	4946	4833	4610	4356	4193
% Change from previous month	-2%	-2%	2%	4%	4%	8%	0%	6%	-4%	-2%	-5%	-6%	-4%
% Change from previous year	0%	0%	2%	3%	4%	5%	0%	5%	3%	0%	3%	2%	0%
Actual Wind Generation (MW)	878	1316	1401	1384	1363	1811	2446	1854	2000	2072	1496	894	1072
% Change from previous month	-1%	50%	6%	-1%	-2%	33%	35%	-24%	8%	4%	-28%	-40%	20%
% Change from previous year	-22%	54%	71%	28%	-33%	-19%	49%	-7%	-1%	19%	-3%	1%	22%
Gas Price p/therm	77.87	70.76	82.87	91.52	104.88	104.97	84.2	74.87	63.37	68.18	71.69	76.69	81.51
% Change from previous month	8%	-9%	17%	10%	15%	0%	-20%	-11%	-15%	8%	5%	7%	6%
% Change from previous year	-44%	-68%	-77%	-61%	3%	-19%	-68%	-52%	-53%	-39%	-29%	<mark>6%</mark>	5%
Carbon Price (€/Tonne)	85.51	86.57	84.61	82.09	81.10	76.25	71.79	65.52	55.79	57.94	63.25	70.90	68.29
% Change from previous month	2%	1%	-2%	-3%	-1%	-6%	-6%	-9%	-15%	4%	9%	12%	-4%
% Change from previous year	2%	6%	-4%	17%	15%	1%	-16%	-18%	-39%	-35%	-30%	-16%	-20%
Coal Price (\$/tonne)	112.56	111.02	115.57	120.40	131.80	122.16	118.31	107.65	96.84	111.78	118.13	106.15	109.54
% Change from previous month	-6%	-1%	4%	4%	9%	-7%	-3%	-9%	-10%	15%	6%	-10%	3%
% Change from previous year	-67%	-71%	-67%	-65%	-52%	-43%	-51%	-38%	-29%	-17%	-14%	-11%	-3%
EWIC % Import Periods	77.72%	67.11%	68.11%	73.75%	86.90%	68.78%	56.38%	69.76%	69.10%	63.78%	81.94%	84.98%	85.90%
EWIC % Export Periods	4.06%	9.21%	11.96%	8.89%	2.99%	9.11%	20.36%	14.78%	11.00%	11.32%	4.86%	0.67%	3.72%
EWIC % Not Flow Periods	18.22%	22.68%	19.93%	17.36%	10.11%	22.11%	23.25%	15.46%	19.90%	24.90%	13.19%	14.35%	10.38%
Moyle % Import Periods	92.22%	84.04%	75.24%	83.33%	92.31%	83.47%	67.81%	78.16%	79.59%	79.00%	87.40%	94.96%	92.47%
Moyle % Export Periods	7.67%	15.89%	20.33%	16.60%	7.66%	16.50%	32.16%	21.81%	20.34%	20.83%	12.50%	5.27%	7.53%
Moyle % Not Flow Periods	0.10%	0.07%	4.44%	0.07%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.07%	0.17%	0.10%	0.03%	0.00%

Market Volumes June 2024

Daily Average Volume	_ MWh
DAM	104,679
IDA1	23,408
IDA2	2,612
IDA3	741
IDC	48

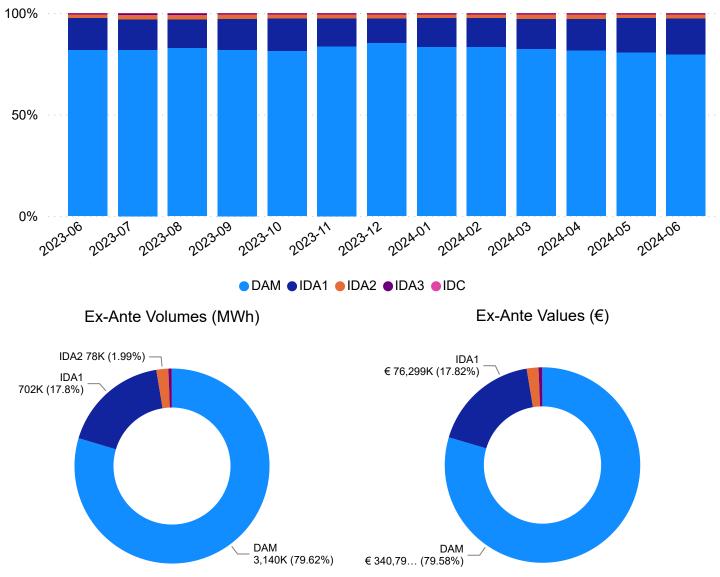
Market Share Volume

Iotal Monthly Volume	MWh
DAM	3,140,379
IDA1	702,231
IDA2	78,366
IDA3	22,223
IDC	1,097
Total	3,944,295





Ex-Ante Monthly Volume by Market



Market Volumes and Values

SEM

committee

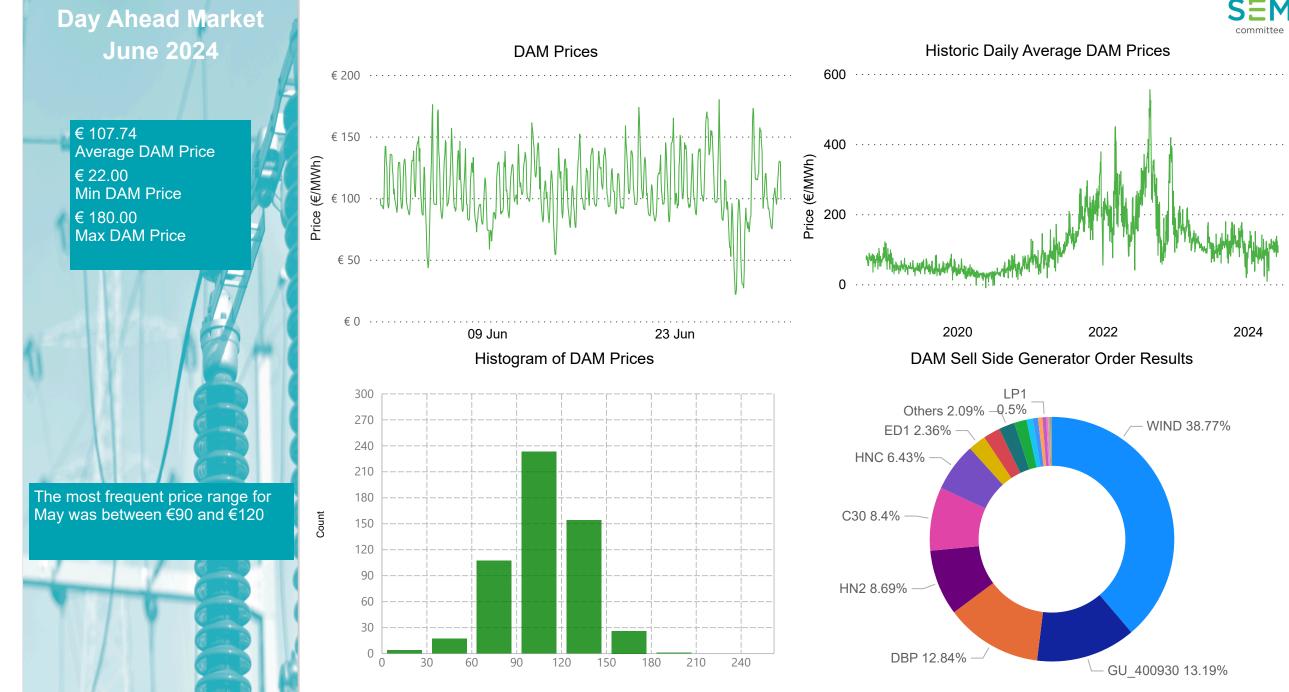
The Day Ahead Market is, by far, the largest market in the SEM, circa 80-85% of all transactions are cleared in this market. The distribution of volumes across the SEM markets have been broadly constant since the introduction of these trading arrangements in October 2018.

Generally, in power markets, market participants will prefer to lock their positions well ahead of delivery time given the increased volatility in prices closer to real time.

Another important factor is associated with the TSO dispatch arrangements. The vast majority of wind generation in the SEM is cleared at the Day Ahead stage. That might also explain to some extent the additional volumes cleared in this market.

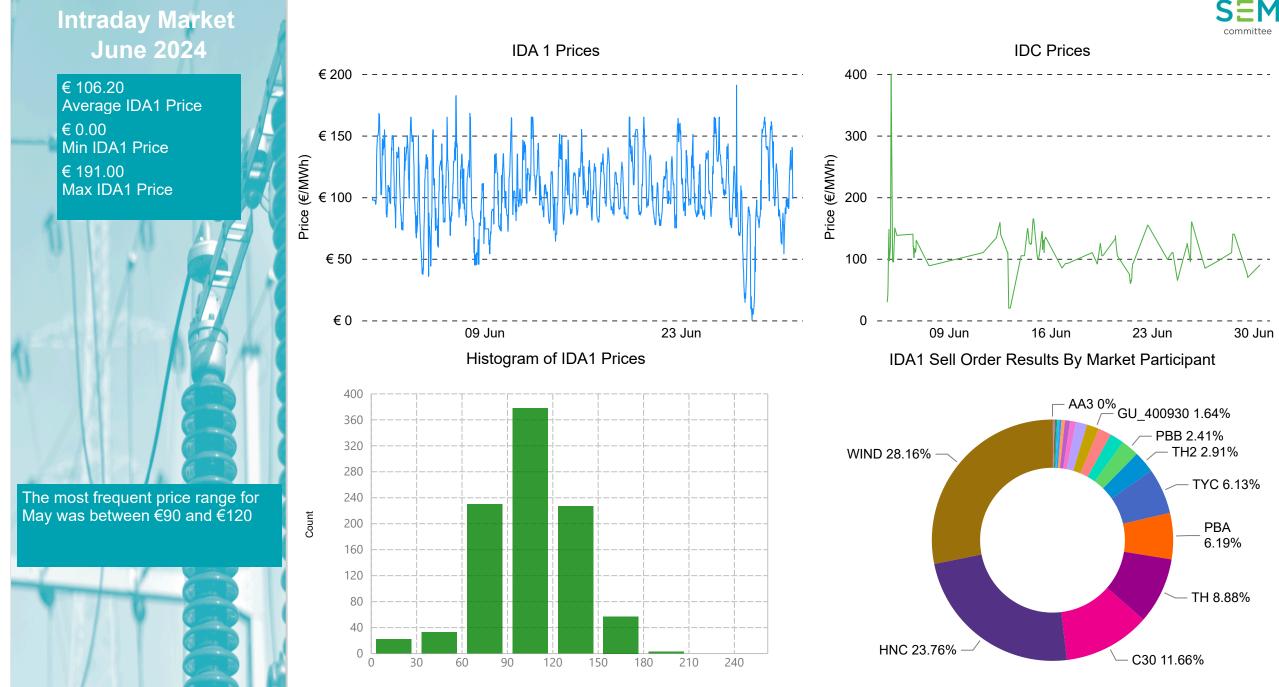
●DAM ●IDA1 ●IDA2 ●IDA3 ●IDC





Price (€/MWh)

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Price (€/MWh)

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Intraday Market June 2024

SEM Day Ahead Price € 107.74 Average Price € 22.00

Min Price

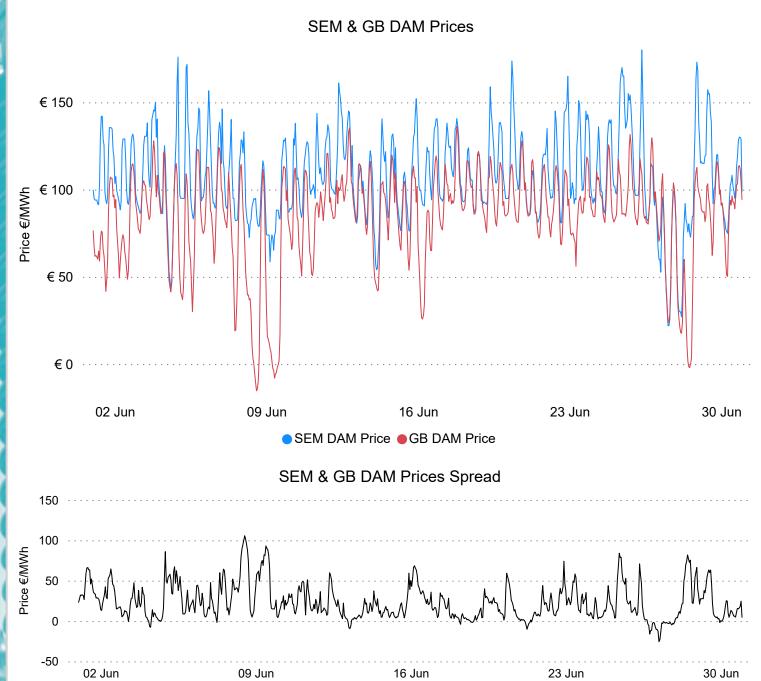
€ 180.00 Max Price

GB Day Ahead Price € 84.27 Average Price

-€ 15.29 Min Price

€ 136.17 Max Price



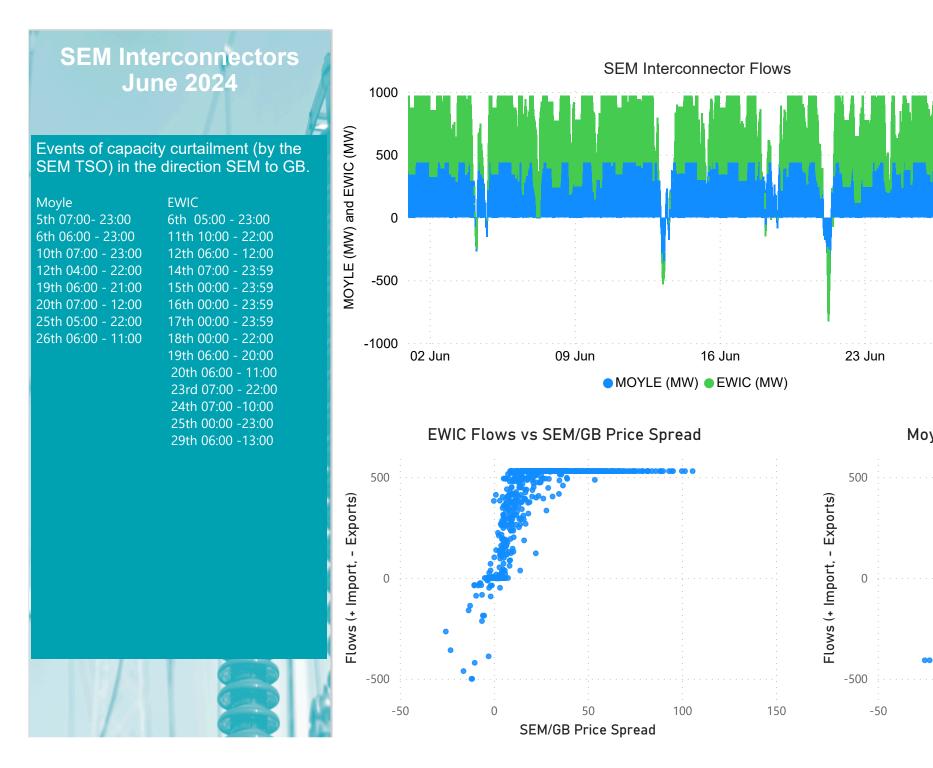


SEM-GB Price Differential

SEM

The charts show that the SEM and GB prices appear to follow the same general trend. Significant spreads can be observed on several occasions. The MMU has investigated the underlying reasons for these spreads and the findings are consistent with those discussed with the SEMC previously.

Basically, the periods of significant spreads between the two markets are generally correlated with period of very low wind. Due to the prevailing fuel mix across both regions, the effects of low wind are felt more intensively in the SEM than in GB. The MMU will continue to investigate this matter further and come back to the SEMC in the foreseeable future with more information on this front.



Interconnector Flows

In June, the SEM Interconnectors primarily imported power from GB, with only minimal exports. This reflects the predominantly higher prices in the SEM compared with GB. There were also a substantial number of events when interconnection capacity is curtailed by the TSO in the SEM GB direction.

EWIC imports volumes were slightly higher than Moyle and exports were lower than that of Moyle.

100

150

Moyle Flows vs SEM/GB Price Spread

50

SEM/GB Price Spread

30 Jun

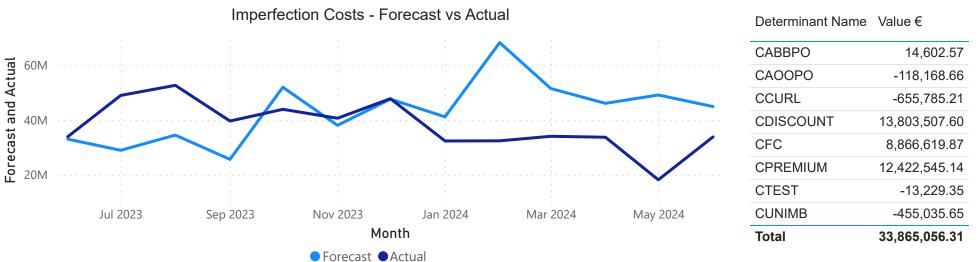
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Balancing Market June 2024

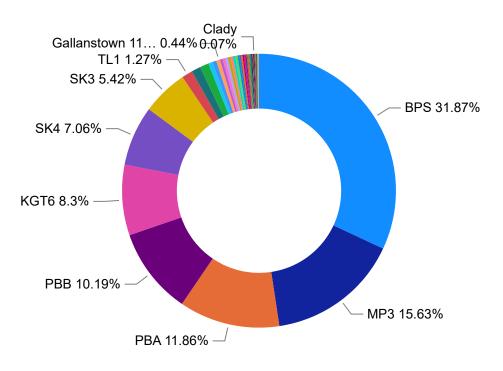
Where power stations are run differently from the market schedule, it is termed "constraint". Subject to the Trading and Settlement Code and Firm Access, Constraint payments keep generators financially neutral for the difference between the market schedule and what actually happened when generating units were dispatched.

Generators can be constrained 'on' or 'up' if the market schedule indicated they were to be run at lower levels than actually happened. Or they could be constrained 'down' or 'off' if they were to be run at a higher level than happened in reality. There is always an overall net cost to the system associated with constraints.





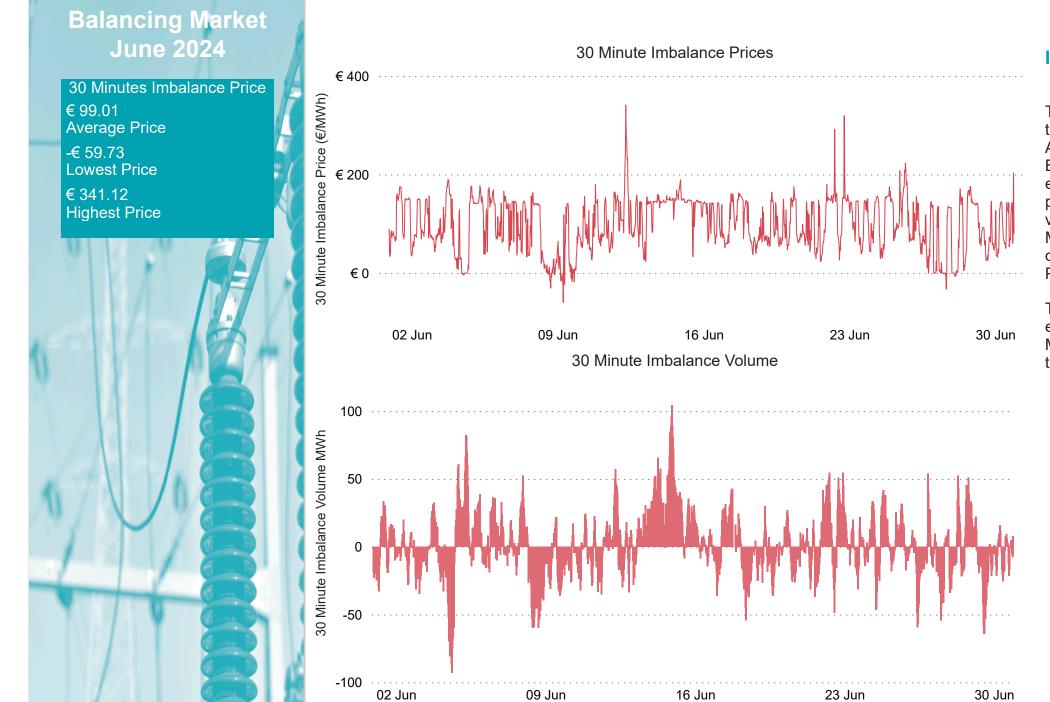
Market Share per Unit (CFC, CPREMIUN, CDISCOUNT)



Constraints Payments

This charts illustrates the distribution of selected Constraint Payments, to specific power plants. As it can be seen, BPS (EP Ballylumford Ltd) was the largest receiver of these payments this month followed by MoneyPoint 3 and Poolbeg A. The distribution of Constraint Payment has not changed substantially in the last few months.

The MMU would note that the new EP Kilroot GT6 is now fully available on the system and has received significant constraint payments in June.

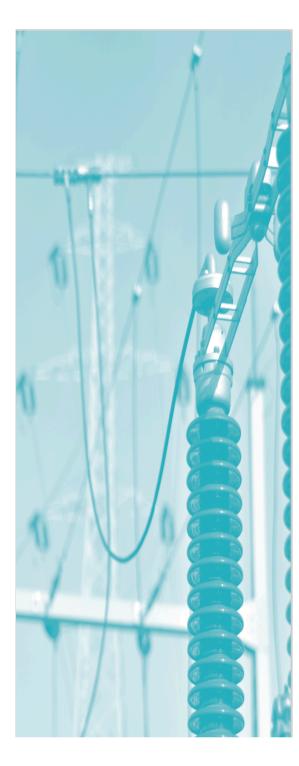


Imbalance Price & Volumes

SEM

The average Balance (BM) Price this month is lower than the Day Ahead Price. Additionally, the Balancing Market prices has exhibited a much higher range of prices indicating a higher level of volatilely compared to Day Ahead Market Prices. This is an expected characteristic of the Balance Prices.

There were no Reliability Options events this month as the Balancing Market prices have not breached the PSTR level.



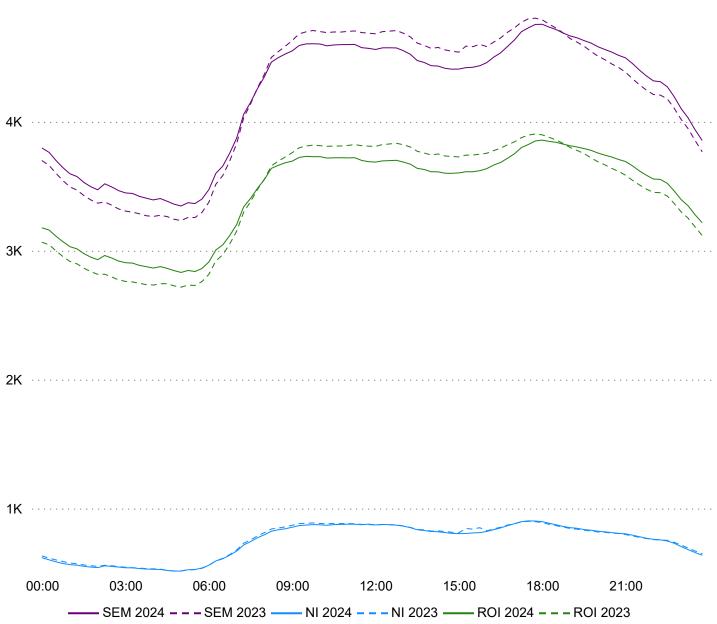


Demand and Generation Mix



5K

Monthly Average Hourly Demand Curves



SEM Demand

The graph illustrates a steady demand within NI, with no significant deviation compared to the corresponding period in the previous year.

The demand for ROI during the daylight period has decreased significantly compared to last year, while demand outside those hours has increased. Overall, the monthly average has only shown a slight increase of 0.29% from the previous year.

Demand in the SEM as a whole is up by 0.11% relative to the same period last year.

Duration Curves June 2024

Price Duration

The price duration curve shows the hourly DAM prices across the month ordered from the largest to the smallest.

Residual Duration

The residual demand curve shows the ordered hourly demand level across the month which can't be met by renewable generation.

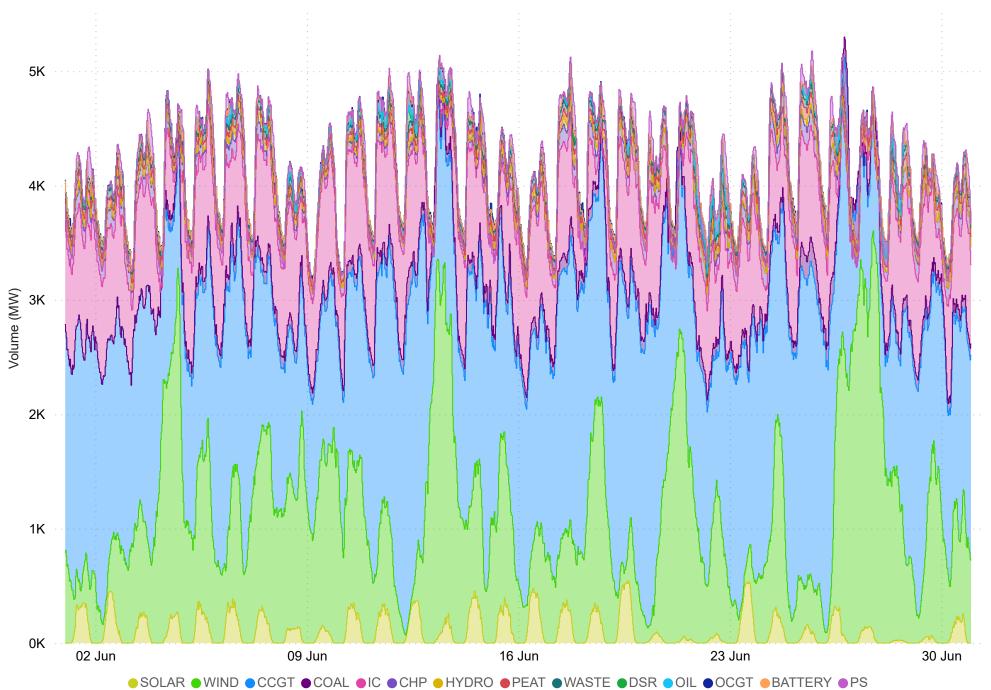
Price against Residual Duration Shows the residual duration for each period relative to the DAM price for that period.



Fuel Mix June 2024

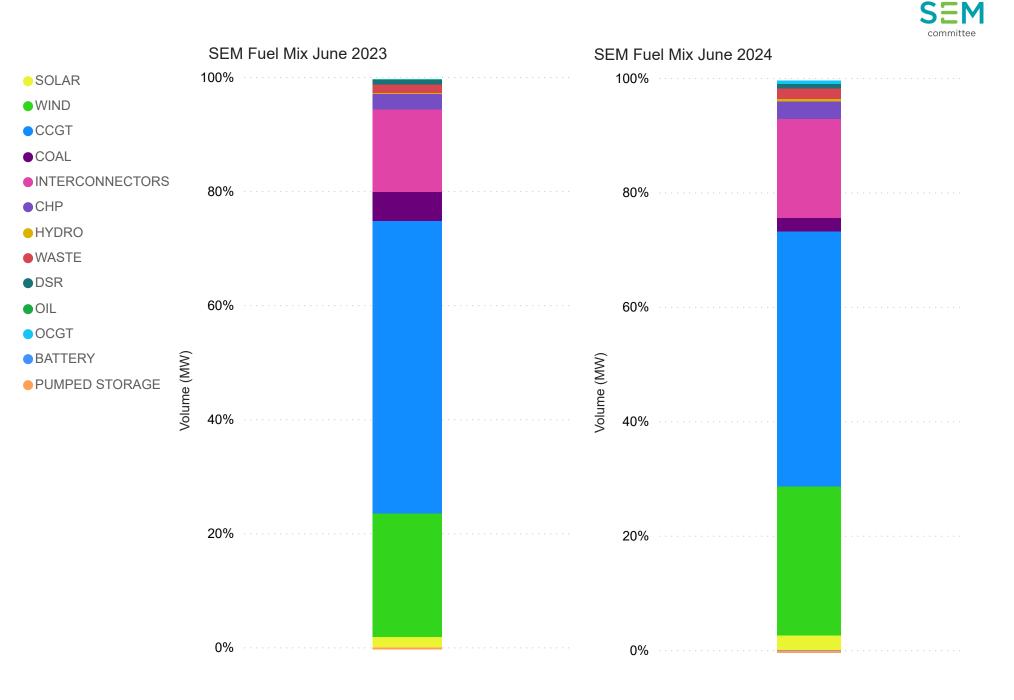
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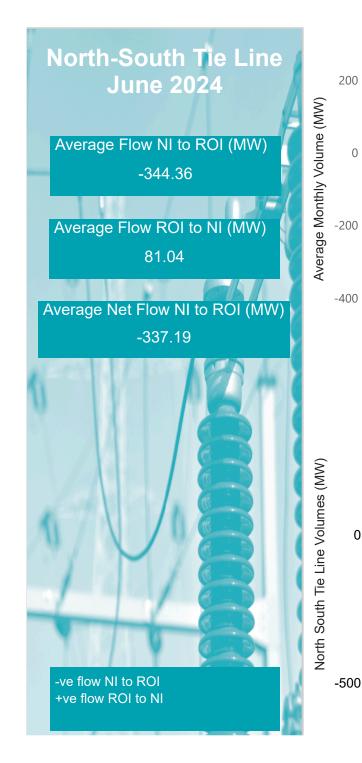
Fuel Type	Avg Monthly	Per. Monthly
CCGT	1832	44.2%
WIND	1072	25.9%
INTERCONNECTORS	710	17.1%
СНР	125	3.0%
SOLAR	107	2.6%
COAL	100	2.4%
WASTE	76	1.8%
PEAT	67	1.6%
DSR	31	0.7%
OCGT	24	0.6%
HYDRO	19	0.5%
OIL	1	0.0%
BATTERY	-4	-0.1%
PUMPED STORAGE	-15	-0.4%
9 11		
Fuel Type	Max Monthly	Min Monthly
Fuel Type WIND	Max Monthly 3516	Min Monthly
	V	-
WIND	3516	12
WIND CCGT	3516 3013	12 784
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE	3516 3013 979 545 293	12 784 -901
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR	3516 3013 979 545	12 784 -901 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194	12 784 -901 0 -302
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR	3516 3013 979 545 293 254	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194 172	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR CHP PEAT HYDRO	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194 172 164	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0 58 41 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR CHP PEAT	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194 172 164 105	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0 58 41
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR CHP PEAT HYDRO	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194 172 164 105 84 81 81 71	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0 0 58 41 0 36 0
WIND CCGT INTERCONNECTORS SOLAR PUMPED STORAGE COAL OCGT DSR CHP PEAT HYDRO WASTE	3516 3013 979 545 293 254 194 172 164 105 84 81	12 784 -901 0 -302 0 0 0 0 58 41 0 36



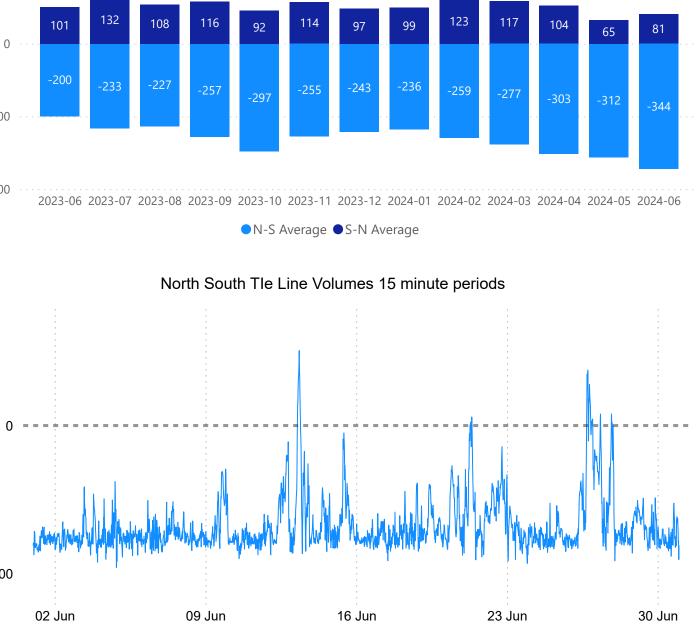
SEM 30 Minute Fuel Mix

Fuel Mix Comparison June 2023 & 2024





Average Flows N-S Tie Line Long Term Trend



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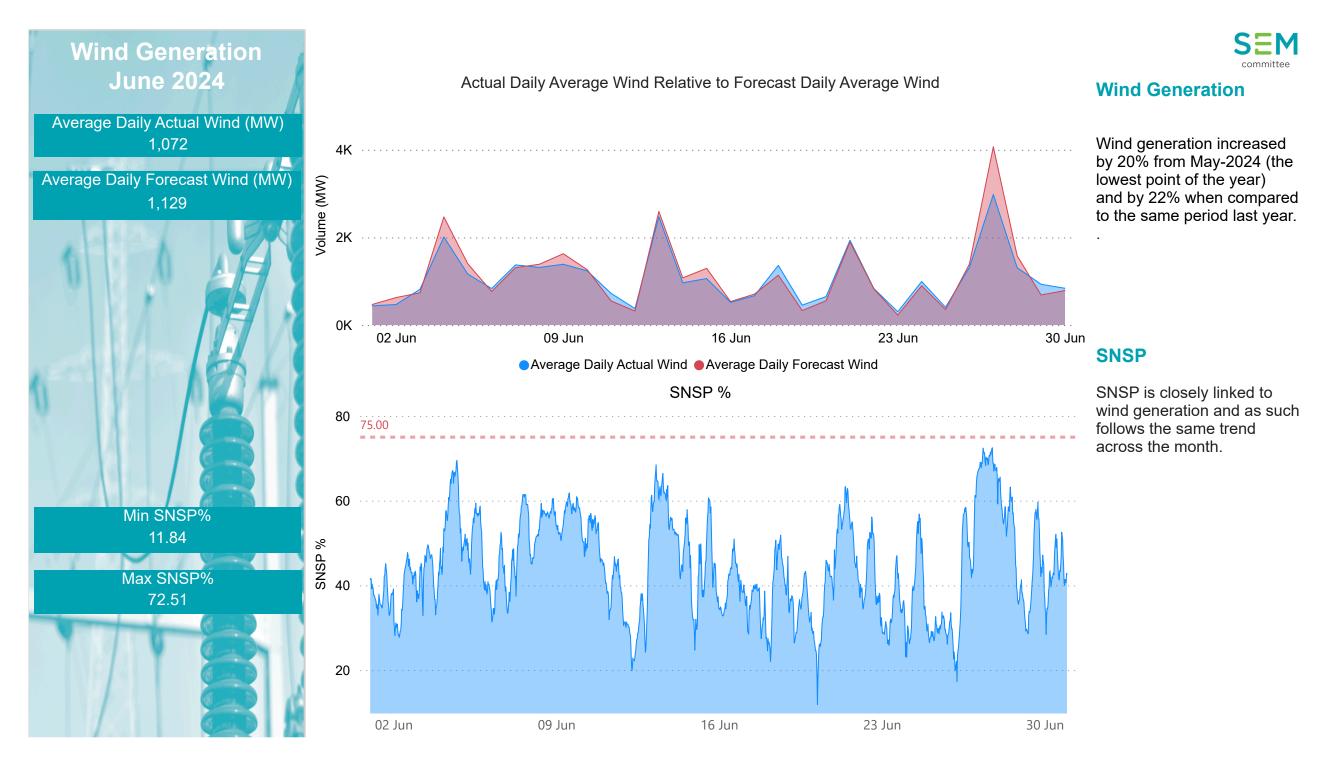
North South Tie Line

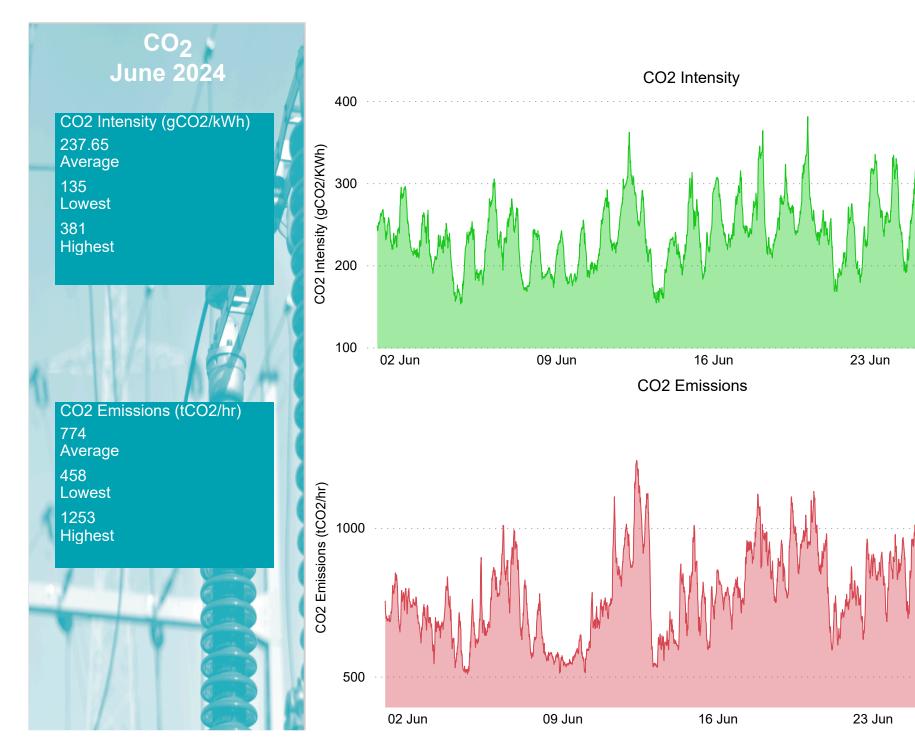
Flows across the N-S Tie Line were predominantly in the North to South direction this month. This has been the long term trend. There are persistence reasons for this trend.

•When the wind penetration is high in NI, a surplus of power can be formed as the TSO must run a minimal number of thermal units in NI to deal with operational constrains in the system. Exporting power southwards is a mechanism to avoid wind curtailment.

•The Moyle Interconnector, due to it's lower physical losses, is allocated first for flows in the GB to NI direction. Similar to what happens when the wind penetration is high or demand is low, the interconnector flows compete with the system constrains. In order to not curtail the interconnection capacity with GB, power flows are directed southwards.

•Finally, the demand in ROI has been growing at a faster pace than in NI.





CO₂ Intensity

CO2 Intensity i.e. how many grams of carbon are emitted for every unit of electricity used, should be negatively correlated with the volume of wind output on the system.

CO2 Emissions

30 Jun

Mar

30 Jun

CO2 emissions i.e. the estimated total CO2 emissions from all large power stations, follows the same trends as CO2 intensity levels over the course of the month.

CO2 emissions have dropped in recent months when compared with 2023 levels. This can be attributed to the following factors:

- the elimination of peat generation
- increased solar generation
- continued increased
- reliance on imports





Fuel Costs and Spreads

Gas Price June 2024

400

300

200

81.51 Monthly Average (p/therm) 78.05 Monthly Low (p/therm) 87.75 Monthly High (p/therm)



Gas Prices

12

30 Jun

Gas prices have experienced a 6% increase compared to the previous month, rising from 76.69p to 81.51p.

S=M

committee

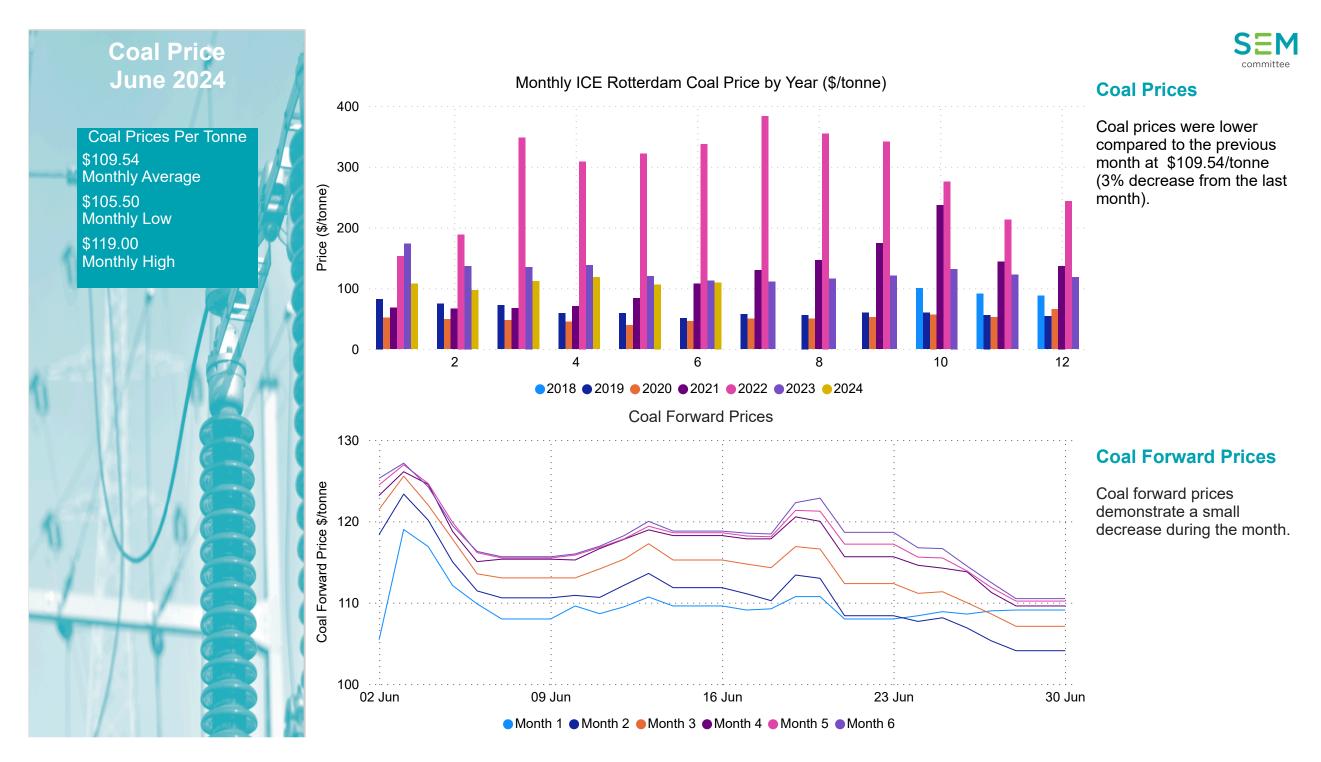
Again this month, a 5% increase in gas prices was observed (from 77.89p to 81.51p) from the same period last year.



Gas forward prices have decreased from last month as long-term supply issues ease.

Month 1 Month 2 Month 3 Month 4 Month 5 Month 6

Monthly Day Ahead NBP Gas Price by Year (p/therm)



Carbon Price June 2024

EU Carbon Prices (€/tonne)

Price (€/tonne)

€0

02 Jun

€ 68.29 Monthly Average

€ 65.20 Monthly Low

€ 72.87 Monthly High



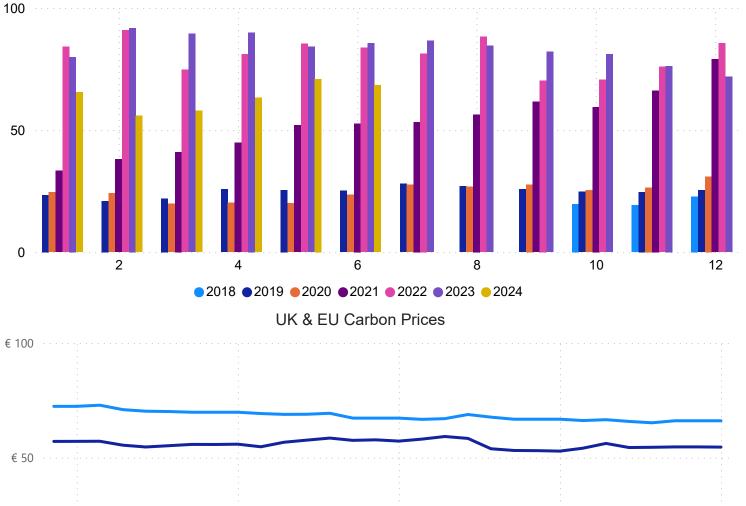
€ 55.86 Monthly Average

€ 52.84 Monthly Low

€ 59.21 Monthly High



Monthly EU Carbon Permits Price by Year (€/tonne)



16 Jun

Date

EUA - €/TCO2 ●UKA - €/TCO2

23 Jun

30 Jun

09 Jun

Carbon Prices

Carbon has decreased relative to the previous month by 4%.

S=M

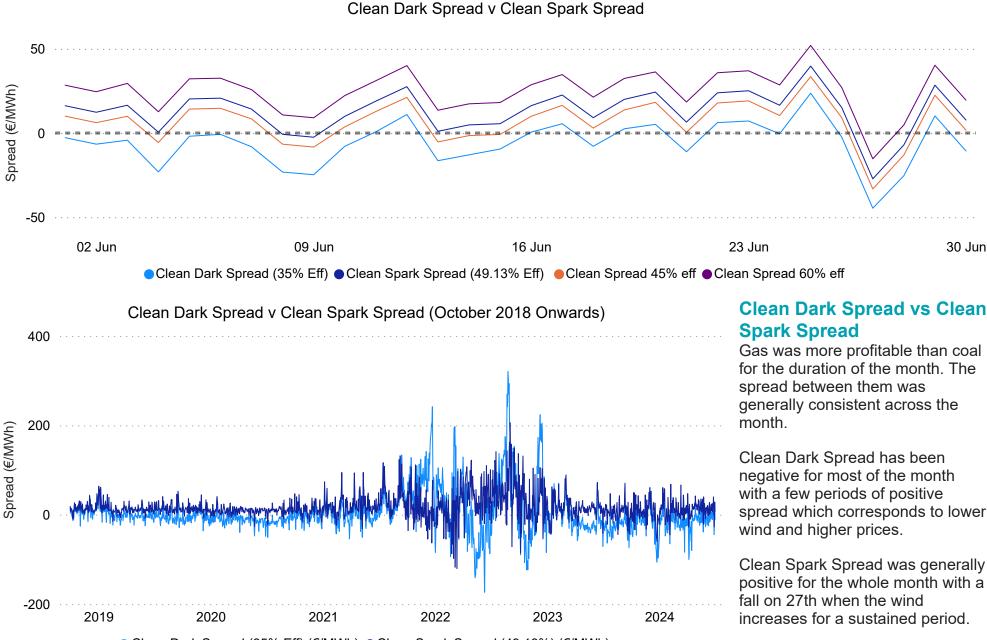
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EU emission allowance prices have been trading lower for much of this year, alongside gas and power. We believe this pressure is likely to persist. EUA prices have been weighed down by a combination of bearish factors, including a sluggish industrial recovery, strong renewables output and limited power demand from mild weather.



Clean Spark Spread is the difference between the price received by a generator for electricity produced and the cost of the natural gas + Carbon needed to produce that electricity.





Clean Dark Spread (35% Eff) (€/MWh) ●Clean Spark Spread (49.13%) (€/MWh)

Clean Dark Spread vs Clean

Gas was more profitable than coal for the duration of the month. The

spread which corresponds to lower

Clean Spark Spread was generally positive for the whole month with a increases for a sustained period.